The Jewish Month

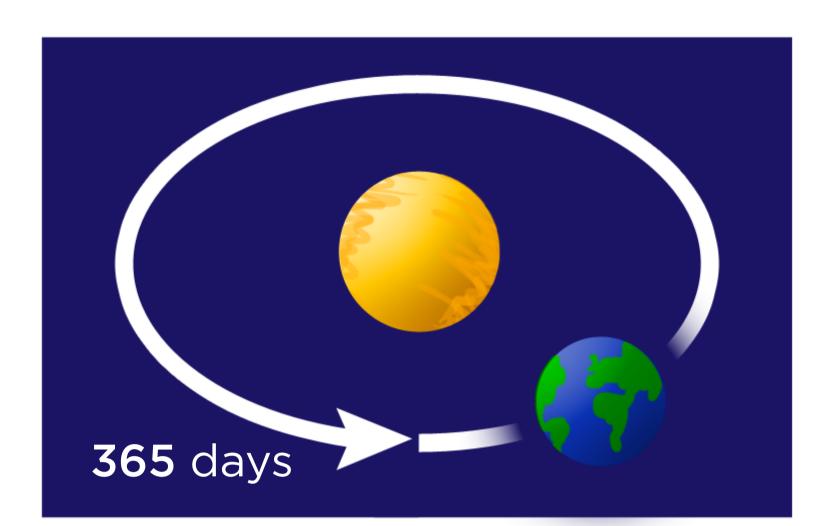
The moon goes around the earth every 29½ days – this period is called a 'lunar month'.



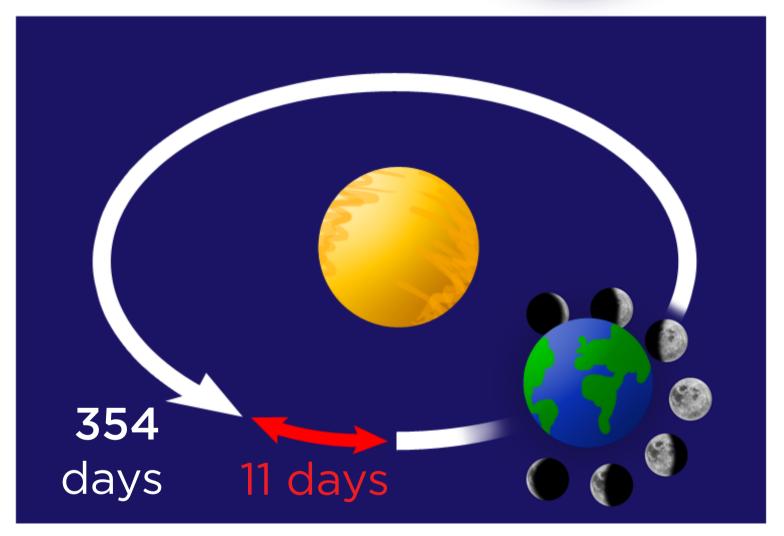
Jewish months last either 29 or 30 days so that over time they last an average of $29\frac{1}{2}$ days – the same as a lunar month.

Leap Years

The earth goes around the sun in **365** days.



But 12 lunar months last a total of just **354** days - a difference of 11 days.



In order to make up the difference of 11 days, we add an extra month 7 times in every 19 years. These years, which have 13 months, are called leap years. The extra month is called *Adar Rishon* and comes just before *Adar* which is renamed *Adar Sheini*.



Inside the Mishkan

The *Mishkan* was a travelling *Bet Hamikdash* (temple) that went with the Jews through the desert.



The High Priest

The High Priest (בֹהֵן גְדוֹל) wore eight different garments.





The Mishnah

The *Torah* is called the Written Law (תּוֹרָה שֶׁבִּרְתַב) because it was written down.

The Mishnah is called the Oral Law (תּוֹרָה שֶׁבְעַל פֶּה)
because it was passed down through the
generations. Eventually, it was written down by
Rabbi Yehudah Hanasi.

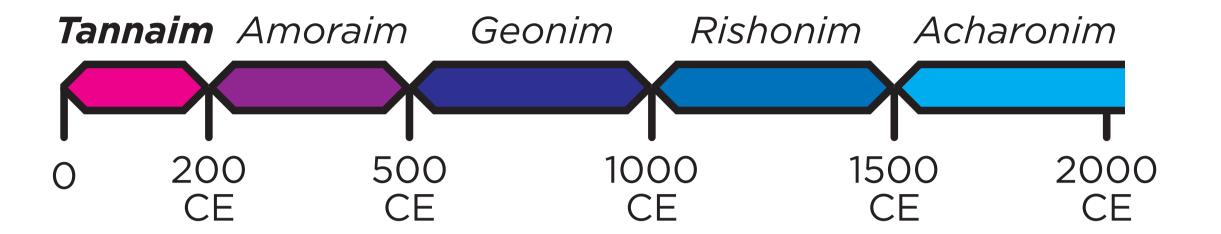
The *Mishnah* explains the laws of the *Torah*. It is split into 6 sections (*sedarim*) with a total of 63 books (*massechtot*).

Laws	Book
Brachot, Tefillah, Farming	רְגִים
Calendar, Festivals	מוֹעֵד
Marriage	נָשׁים
Property, Business, Justice	בְיקון
Sacrifices, Shechitah, Kashrut	קָדָשִׁים
Purity	טְהָרוֹת

To remember the 6 books, we can use the initials:

זְמַ"ן נָקַ"ט





The *Tannaim* were the Sages who lived about 2000 years ago in Israel. The earliest include *Hillel* and *Shammai*. The last one was Rabbi *Yehudah Hanasi* who wrote down the sayings of the *Tannaim* in the *Mishnah*.

Leading *Tannaim*

"Don't do unto others what you don't want done to yourself."



"Be as careful with a

a difficult one."

simple *mitzvah* as with

"Everything is foreseen by God, yet we have freedom of choice."



Rabbi *Yehuda Hanasi*יהוּדָה הַנְּשִׂיא

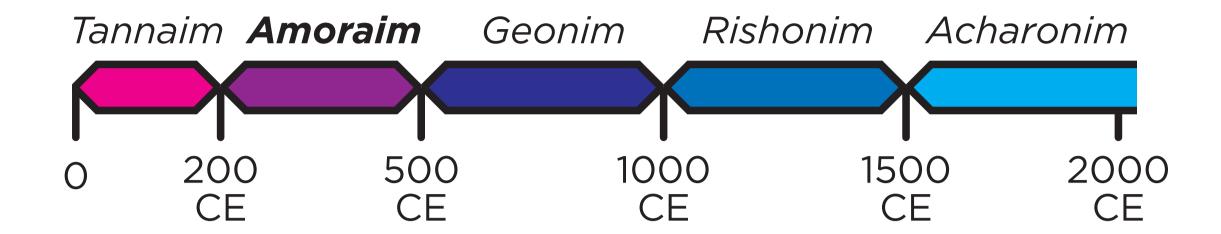


Hillel

הִלֵּל



Amoraim



The Amoraim were the Sages who explained the Mishnah. Their explanations were written down in the Gemara. The Amoraim lived in Babylon (Iraq) and Israel.

Leading Amoraim

"It is better to cast oneself into a fiery furnace than to shame another in public."



Resh Lakish רש לַקיש



"A convert is dearer to God than all of the Jewish people at Sinai."

"A life without friends is not worth living."



Rabbi *Yochanan* רַבִּי יוֹחָנָן

The Talmud

The Talmud (תַּלְמוּר) is the combination of the Mishnah and the Gemara in one written work of many volumes.

There are two versions of the *Talmud*.

Mishnah

text

Gemara

text

- תַּלְמוּד בַּבִּלִי written in Babylon
- תַּלְמוּד יִרוּשַׁלְמִי written in Israel

Page of *Talmud*





Theodor Herzl (1860-1904)

אָם תִּרְצוּ, אֵין זוֹ אַגָּדָה "If you will it, it is no dream" (*Herzl*)

Theodor Herzl was a
Jewish Hungarian journalist
who was shocked by the
anti-Jewish feeling in
Europe. He decided that
Jews needed their own
state in order to protect
themselves.

In 1897, Herzl organised the First Zionist Congress in Basle, Switerland. Exactly 50 years afterwards, the State of Israel was born.



Today, Israel is home to millions of Jews as well as Muslims, Christians, Druze and others.

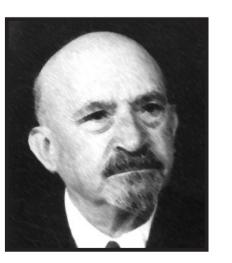
Zionist Leaders

Name	Role
Eliezer Ben Yehudah	Created Modern Hebrew
Theodor Herzl	Founder of modern Zionism
Rabbi Avraham Kook	1st Chief Rabbi
Chaim Weizmann	1 st President
David Ben Gurion	1 st Prime Minister
Golda Meir	First woman Prime Minister of Israel
Menachem Begin	Prime Minister who made peace with Egypt
Yitzchak Rabin	Prime Minister who was killed by a Jewish extremist
Benjamin Netanyahu	Current Prime Minister

















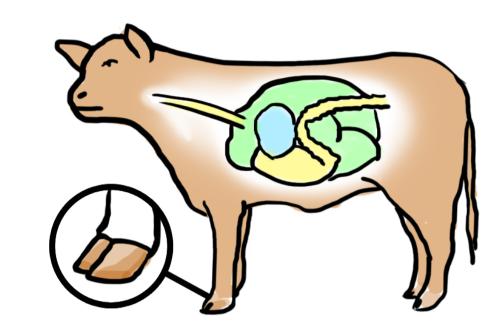




Kosher Animals

Animals

Two signs identify an animal as kosher: it has split hooves and chews the cud. Kosher animals only eat plants, never other animals.



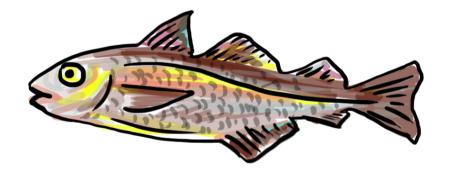
Birds

The *Torah* forbids us from eating 24 different birds, many of which are birds of prey. Today, we eat only those birds for which there is a tradition, like chicken, duck and goose.



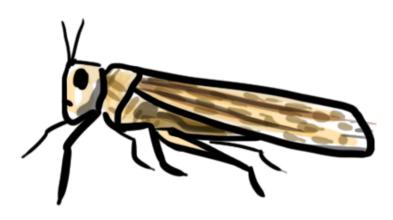
Fish

A fish must have both fins and scales to be kosher. All shell fish – like prawns, lobsters and crabs – are not kosher.



Insects

Almost all insects are not kosher. However, four species of locust are listed as kosher in the *Torah*.



Meat and Milk

"You shall not boil a kid in its mother's milk." (Shemot)

The *Torah* mentions in three places that we must not mix meat and milk foods together. From this we learn that Jews must not:

- Eat meat and milk together
- Cook meat and milk together
- Sell or get any benefit from meat and milk together

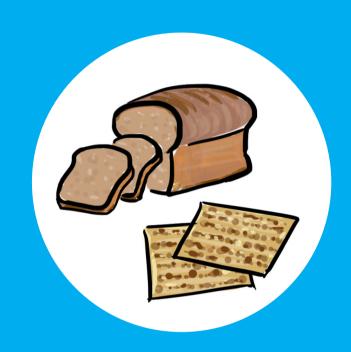
After a meat meal, we wait before eating dairy foods. People wait between 1 and 6 hours according to their custom.

Food that contains neither milk nor meat is called *parev*. *Parev* foods include fish, eggs, vegetables and fruit.



Brachot before Food

Before we eat food, we say a *brachah* to thank God. There are different *brachot* for different types of food:



בָּרוּך אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹקֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם, הַמוֹצִיא לֶחֶם מִן הָאָרֶץ

This *brachah* is said before eating bread or *matzah* and we must first wash our hands.



בּרוּף אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹקֵינוּ מֶלֶף הָעוֹלָם, בּוֹרֵא מִינֵי מִזוֹנוֹת

This *brachah* is said over cakes, biscuits and pretzels.



בָרוּף אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹקֵינוּ מֶלֶף הָעוֹלָם, בּוֹרֵא פְּרִי הַגָּפֵן

This *brachah* is said over wine and grape juice.

Brachot before Food



ָבָרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹקֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הַעוֹלָם, בּוֹרֵא פְּרִי הָעֵץ

This *brachah* is said over things that grow on trees – e.g. apples, oranges and avocados. If the food is cooked or dried and you can still identify it, you say this *brachah*.



ָבָרוּך אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹקֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלֶם, בּוֹרֵא פִּרִי הָאֲדָמָה

This brachah is said over any food that has grown in the ground - e.g. pepper, tomato, melon - as well as bananas and pineapples even though they are fruits.



בָּרוּך אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹקֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם, שֵׁהַכֹּל נְהִיָה בִּדְבַרוֹ

This *brachah* is said over any food or drink for which we do not say the previous *brachot* - e.g. meat, fish, eggs, tea, juice.

